

**Conference Committee Report on
House Bill No. 2685 / Senate Bill No. 2753**

The House and Senate Conference Committee appointed pursuant to motions to resolve the differences between the two houses on House Bill No. 2685 (Senate Bill No. 2753) has met and recommends that the following amendments be deleted: House Amendment #1 and Senate Amendment #2.

The Committee further recommends that the following amendment be adopted:

By deleting all language following the enacting clause and substituting instead the following:

SECTION 1. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 4-21-401, is amended by adding the following language as new subsections thereto:

(c) It is not a discriminatory practice for an employer to institute a policy in the employer's workplace requiring that all employees speak only in English at certain times when the employer has a legitimate business necessity for such a policy, including but not limited to the safe and efficient operation of the employer's business, and the employer provides notice to employees of the policy and the consequences of violating the policy.

(d)

(1) No employer shall terminate an employee who is a volunteer rescue squad worker, as this term is defined in § 7-51-207, because the employee, when acting as a volunteer rescue squad worker, is absent or late to the employee's employment in order to respond to an emergency prior to the time the employee is to report to the employee's place of employment.

(2) An employer may charge against the employee's regular pay any time that an employee who is a volunteer rescue squad worker loses from employment because of the employee's response to an emergency.

(3) An employer has the right to request an employee who loses time from the employee's employment to respond to an emergency to provide the employer with a written statement from the supervisor or acting supervisor of the volunteer rescue squad worker stating that the employee responded to an emergency and list the time and date of the emergency.

(4) Any employee who is absent or late to the employee's employment in order to respond to an emergency shall make a reasonable effort to notify the employee's employer that the employee may be absent or late.

(5) Any employee terminated in violation of this section may bring a civil action against the employee's employer. The employee may seek reinstatement to the employee's former position, payment of back wages, reinstatement of fringe benefits, and where seniority rights are granted, the reinstatement of seniority rights. The employee has one (1) year from the date of a violation of this section to file an action.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law, the public welfare requiring it.

Senator Jack Johnson

Representative Matthew Hill

Senator Bill Ketron

Representative Judd Matheny

Senator Reginald Tate

Representative Charles Curtiss